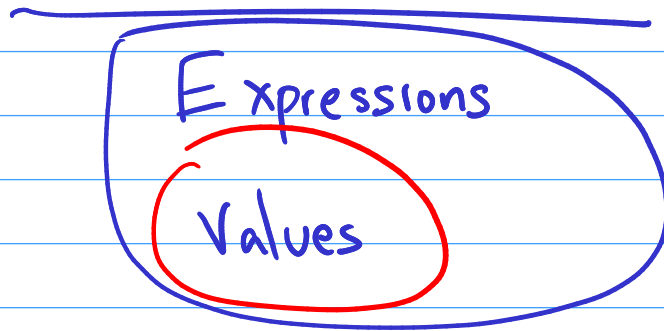


Types



P1: You're given a list

[1 2 3 4 5]

Find all even numbers in this list

```
let rec allEven l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> if hd mod 2 = 0 then hd :: allEven tl else allEven tl
```

P2: A number is big if it is greater than 50.

Find all big numbers in the list.

```
let rec allBig l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> if hd > 50 then hd :: allBig tl else allBig tl
```

P3: Find all prime numbers in a list.

```
let rec allPrimes l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> if isPrime hd then hd :: allPrimes tl else allPrimes tl
```

```
let isPrime n =  
  let rec helper cnt = if cnt = 1 then true else if n mod cnt = 0 then false else helper (cnt - 1) in  
  helper (n - 1)
```

Can we write an abstract fn which
does this filtering for us?

```
let rec filter f l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> if f hd then hd :: filter f tl else filter f tl
```

$f : 'a \rightarrow \text{bool}$

can be any predicate

"First-class functions"

P4 Double each number in a list

```
let rec doubleAll l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> (2 * hd) :: doubleAll tl
```

P5 Download all webpages from a list

```
let rec downloadAll l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> let u = download hd in u :: downloadAll tl
```

```
let rec downloadAll l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> (download hd) :: downloadAll tl
```

```
let download url = print_endline ("Downloaded " ^ url)
```

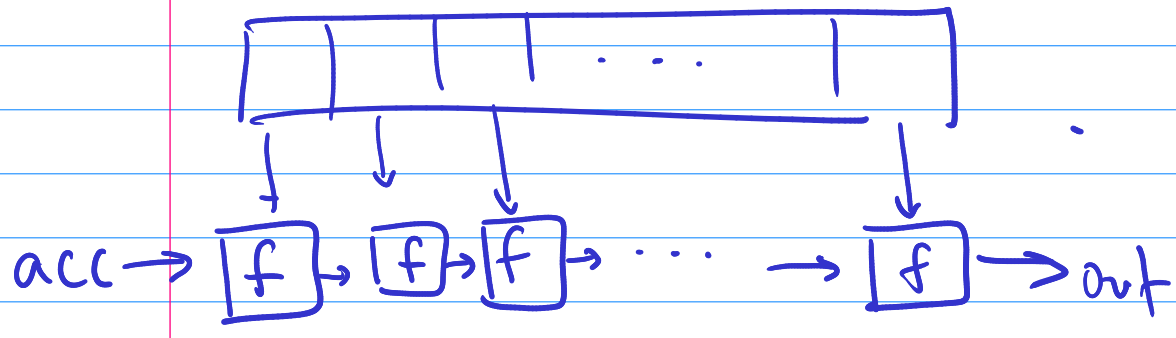
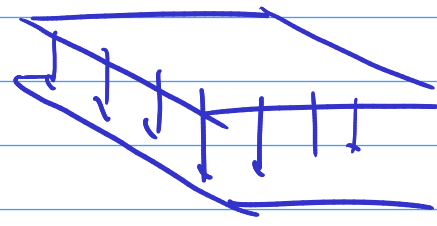
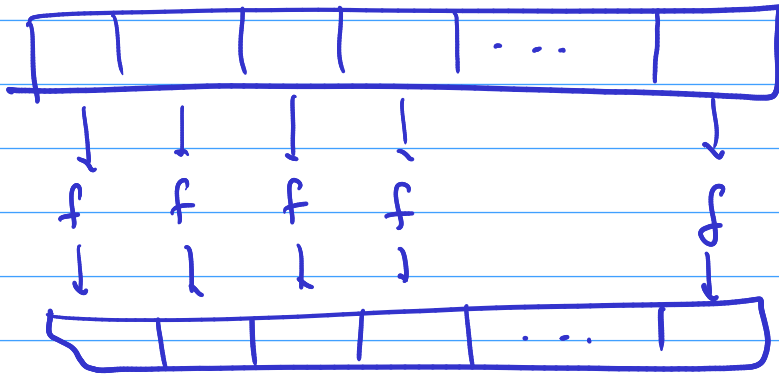
Do something to each element of a list

```
let rec map f l =  
  match l with  
  | [] -> []  
  | hd :: tl -> (f hd) :: map f tl
```

```
9 l = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
10 ans = []  
11 for x in l:  
12   ans.append(f(x))
```

```
let doubleAll l = map double l
```

```
let downloadAll l = map download l
```



reduce
fold

