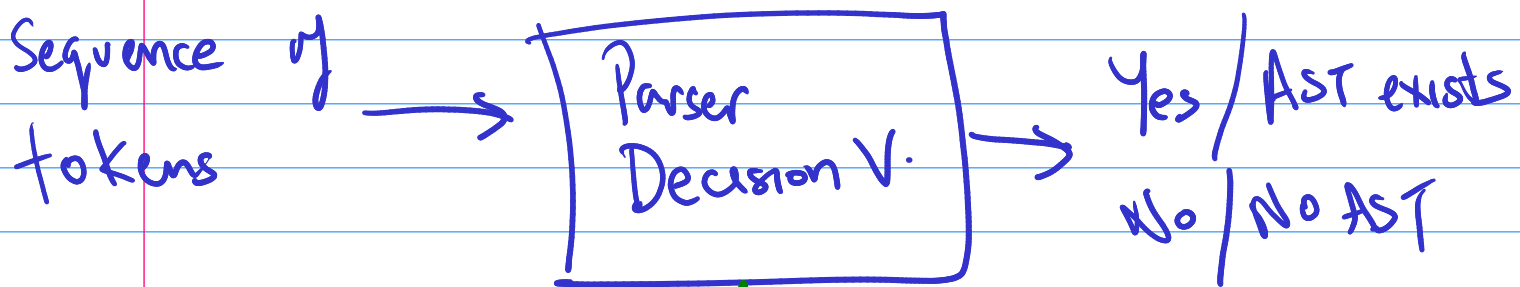
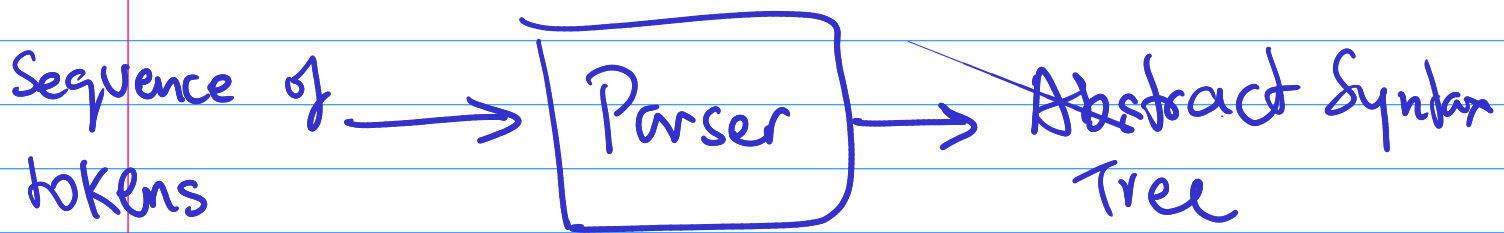


Lexical Analyzers & Parser Generators

Algorithmics



↑
Grammar

(BNF, EBNF, Context-free grammar)

Grammar :	Terminal symbols	Nonterminal symbols	Rules
	actual words cat, dog, apple sit, on, the, ...	noun, preposition subject phrase, object phrase, ...	
		conceptual categories	

Expr ::= Expr ' + ' Expr

Non-terminal
symbol

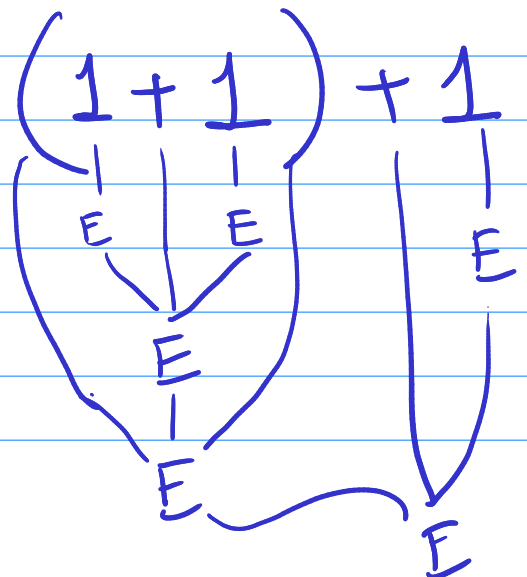
Sequence of terminal
& non-terminal symbols

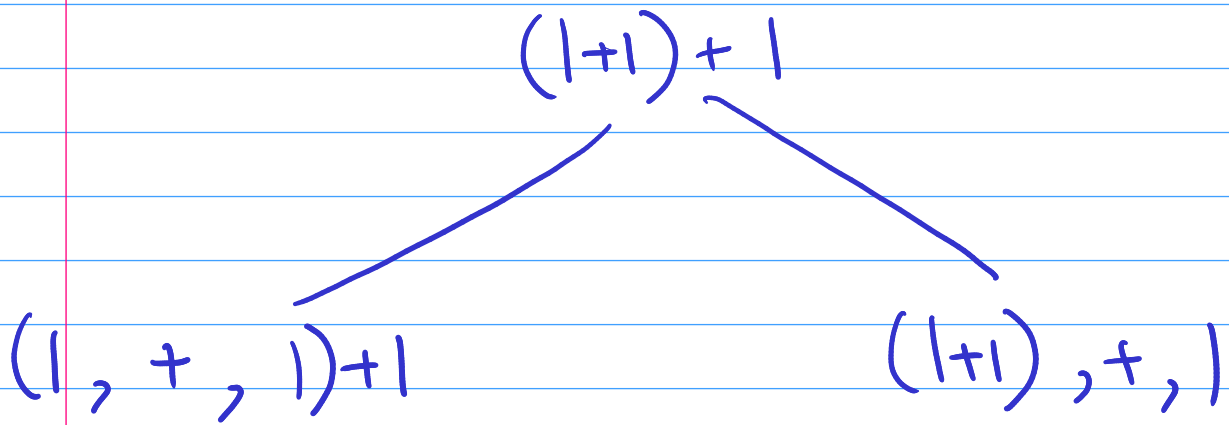
$E ::= E + E$

$E ::= (E)$

$E ::= 1$

~~$E ::= \emptyset$~~





End index

i

Start index

	j_0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
0	/	" "	" ("	" ("	" (" +	" (" +			" (1+1) +
1	/	/	" "						
2	/	/	/						
3	/	/	/	/					
4	/	/	/	/	/				
5	/	/	/	/	/	/			
6	/	/	/	/	/	/	/		
7	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
8	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

- For each entry in the table,
 - for each non-terminal symbol,
 - for each rule,
 - check if the rule can potentially be applied & recurse.

- String of length n

- Rule with k symbols on the right

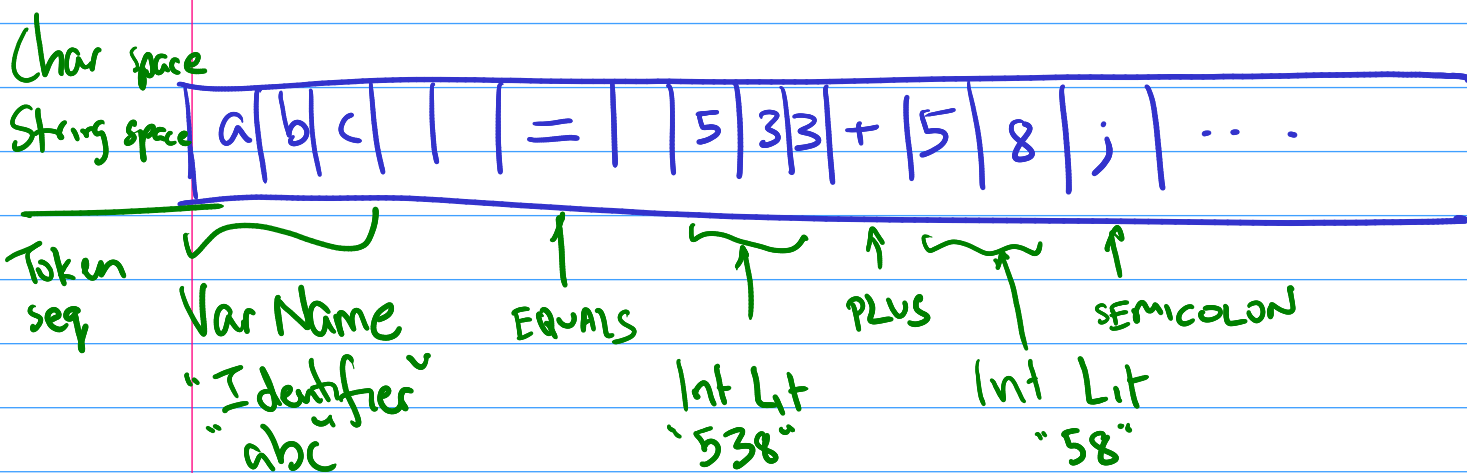
$O(n^{k-1})$ ways of splitting the string

$E ::= E + E \quad \longrightarrow \quad E ::= E R$
 $R ::= + E$
Chomsky Normal Form

CYK algorithm

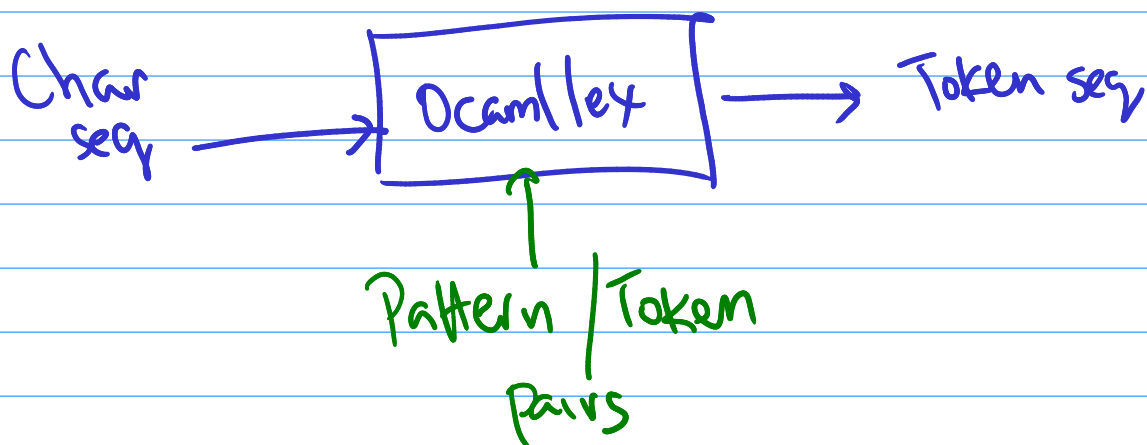
Cocke, Younger, Kasami

- Lexical analyzer



- Set of patterns $Pattern_1 \rightarrow Token_1$
 $Pattern_2 \rightarrow Token_2$
 $Pattern_3 \rightarrow Token_3$

- Longest match principle



"", "hi", "hihi", "hihihi", ...

hi
(hi)*

"bye", "hibye", "hihibye", "hihihibye" ...

(hi)* • (bye)*

... "hi", "hello", "hihello", "hellohellohi"

hello* hi* hello*

"hihellohihello"

(hello* hi*)*

(hello/hi)*

$[a-zA-Z0-9] \cdot [a-zA-Z0-9]^* \cdot '@' \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $(a|b|c) \dots |z| \quad [a-zA-Z0-9] \cdot [a-zA-Z0-9]^* \quad (\text{com}|org|edu)$
 $A|B|C \dots |Z|$
 $0|1|2 \dots |9)$

$$P^+ = P \cdot P^*$$

$$P^* = "" | P^+$$

Regular Expressions

"Constant string"

P^* (Kleene-*)

P^+ (Kleene-+)

$P_1 \cdot P_2$

$P_1 | P_2$

empty